You are cordially invited to presentations and discussions on

Renewable Energies: Chinese and Global Perspectives

Tuesday, 15 October 2013, 4.00 p.m.
Austrian Embassy in Beijing
Xiushui Nan Jie 5, Jianguomenwai, Beijing

Agenda

16.00 h  Welcome
Irene GINER-REICHL, Austrian Ambassador to China and Mongolia, President of GFSE (www.gfse.at)

16.05 h  Highlights from the 2013 REN 21 Global Status Report (GSR)
Arthouros ZERVOS, Chairman, REN 21

16.30 h  IEA’s Renewable Energy Medium Term Outlook: A complementary Approach
Paolo FRANKL, Head Renewable Energy Division, IEA

16.50 h  Messages from and for China
LI Junfeng; Director, National Center for Climate Change, Beijing

17.15 h  General Discussion
Moderated by Ambassador GINER-REICHL

17.45 h  Reception

Please RSVP by 11 October 2013 at angelika.schoenegger-men@bmeia.gv.at. Feel free to share this invitation with friends and colleagues. For security reasons all participants need to pre-register.
**REN 21**, the global renewable energy policy multi-stakeholder network connecting science and academia, international organizations, governments, industry associations and civil society, works towards a rapid global transition to renewable energy. REN 21 promotes renewable energy in both industrialized and developing countries with a view of mitigating climate change while advancing energy security, economic and social development, and poverty alleviation. Each year REN21 publishes a Global Status Report on Renewables (REN21 GSR). Web-site: [www.ren21.net](http://www.ren21.net).

Key findings on renewable energy development in 2012 from the **Renewables 2013 Global Status Report**: Total renewable power capacity worldwide exceeded 1,470 GW in 2012, up 8.5% from 2011.

In the lead is China, which in 2012 consolidated its position as the world’s dominant renewable energy market player—up 22%, an equivalent of $67 billion, thanks largely to a jump in solar investment. In China, wind power generation increased more than that from coal and passed nuclear power output for the first time.

The International Energy Agency, **IEA**, is an autonomous organisation which works to ensure reliable, affordable and clean energy for its 28 member countries and beyond. The IEA's four main areas of focus are: energy security, economic development, environmental awareness, and engagement worldwide. Web-site: [www.iea.org](http://www.iea.org)

**Arthourous Zervos**

Arthouros Zervos is the Chairman and CEO of the Greek Public Power Corporation as well as a Professor at the National Technical University of Athens. He was elected Chairman of REN21 in January 2013. In 1974 he received his Bachelor of Science in Engineering, in 1975 his Master of Science in Engineering, both from the Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Sciences of Princeton University, U.S.A. He continued his studies at the Universite P.et M.Curie in Paris, where he took his Diplome d’Etudes Approfondies (D.E.A) de Mecanique Experimentale des Fluides-Aerodynamique in 1978 and his Diplome de Docteur – Ingenieur in 1981.

Professor Zervos has more than 25 years of high level expertise in policy, science, research and technology across the European renewable energy sector. He led key European renewable energy bodies and has acted as policy advisor to Governments, EU bodies and policy fora. As Faculty Member at the National Technical University of Athens, he has been teaching courses on wind energy, renewable energy sources and aerodynamics.

(CVs of the other speakers to follow)